

State of Alaska  
Department of Fish and Game  
Nomination for Waters  
Important to Anadromous Fish

242-31-10120 Segment 16-01; 16-02  
(Trib. 16)

AWC Volume SE SC SW W AR IN USGS Quad Seldovia B-4

Anadromous Water Catalog Number of Waterway 242-31-10120-2282

Name of Waterway \_\_\_\_\_ USGS name \_\_\_\_\_ Local name \_\_\_\_\_

Addition X Deletion \_\_\_\_\_ Correction \_\_\_\_\_ Backup Information \_\_\_\_\_

For Office Use

Nomination # <u>94 265</u>	<u>[Signature]</u> Regional Supervisor	<u>11/9/94</u> Date
Revision Year: <u>94</u>		
Revision to: Atlas _____ Catalog _____	<u>Ed Wein</u>	<u>12/27/93</u>
Both <u>X</u>	<u>2. Inoue</u>	<u>2/2/94</u>
Revision Code: <u>A-2</u>	Drafted	Date

OBSERVATION INFORMATION

Species	Date(s) Observed	Spawning	Rearing	Migration	Anadromous
<u>Pink Salmon- Adults</u>	<u>9-15-93</u>	<u>11</u>			<u>X</u>
<u>Coho-juvenile</u>	<u>9-15-93</u>		<u>25</u>		<u>X</u>

IMPORTANT: Provide all supporting documentation that this water body is important for the spawning, rearing or migration of anadromous fish, including: number of fish and life stages observed; sampling methods, sampling duration and area sampled; copies of field notes; etc. Attach a copy of a map showing location of mouth and observed upper extent of each species, as well as any other information such as: specific stream reaches observed as spawning or rearing habitat; locations, types, and heights of any barriers; etc.

Comments: Coho juveniles were located at the stream mouth. Pink Salmon extended upstream to the point indicated on the sketch. No barrier was observed. Stream width is 10 meters at both the mouth and upper extent. Gradient ranges from 1.5 to 2. Good water flow. Stream substrate is cobble, gravel, boulder.

ALASKA DEPT. OF FISH & GAME  
NOV 03 1993  
REGION II  
J AND REGISTRATION

Name of Observer (please print) KATHARIN SUNDET  
Date: 10/12/93 Signature: Katharin Sundet  
Address: 333 RASPBERRY  
ANCHORAGE AK 99518

This certifies that in my best professional judgement and belief the above information is evidence that this waterbody should be included in or deleted from the Catalog of Waters Important for Spawning, Rearing or Migration of Anadromous Fishes per AS 16.05.870.

Signature of Area Biologist: \_\_\_\_\_

Rev. 7/93

~~DO NOT ENTER~~  
**STREAM HABITAT ASSESSMENT 1993 - STREAMS**

STREAM: 242-31-10120 QUAD: Seldovia-B4 STAGE: H M Seldovia  
 LANDOWNER: Chenega CAC Eyak Tatitlek Pt. Graham English Bay (circle one)  
 DATE(s): 07/15/93 UTM ZONE: 5  
 GPS FILES: 30918 or 19, + check Daily 03.

SKETCH (indicate UTM zones, if not uniform throughout the stream)

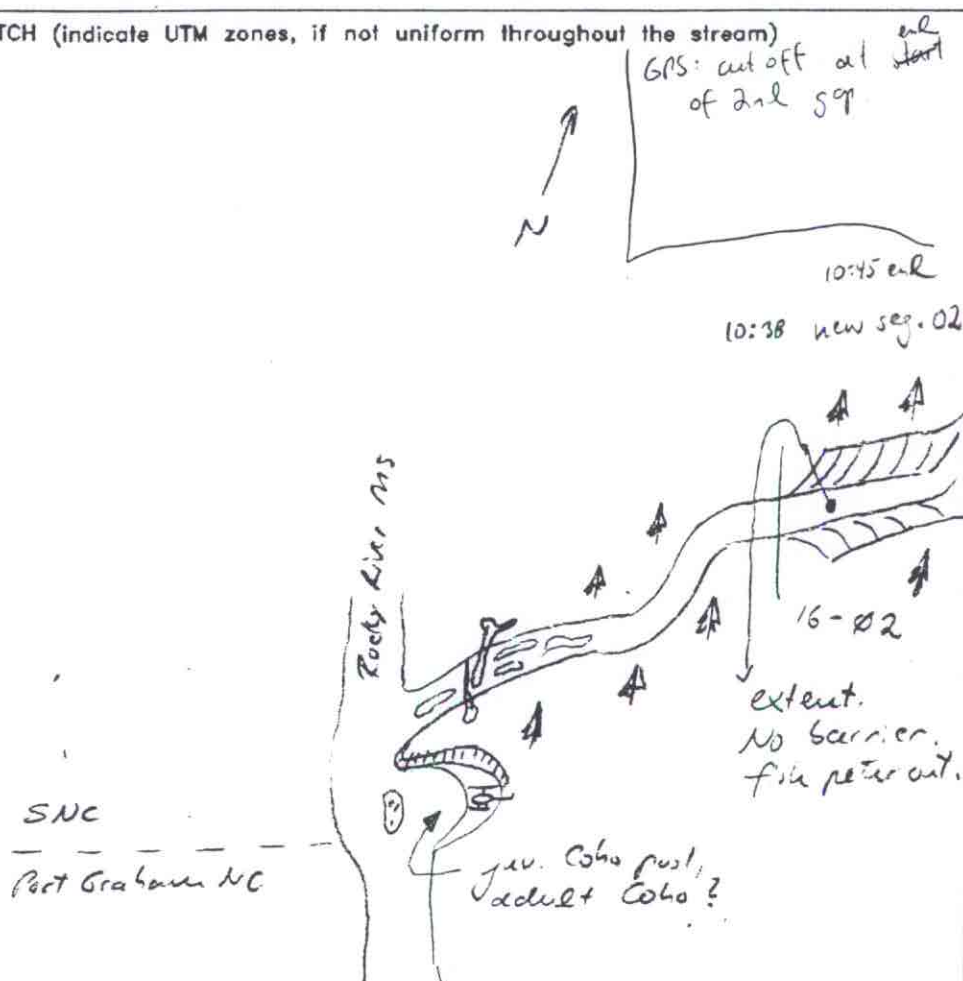


PHOTO ROLL(s): \_\_\_\_\_

VIDEO TAPE(s): \_\_\_\_\_

FRAME

DESCRIPTION

DATE

(Please enter comments on the other side)

242-31-10120  
STREAM HABITAT ASSESSMENT 1993 - SEGMENTS

STREAM: Rocky River SEGMENT: 16-01 DATE: 9/15/93 TEAM: WGS/KS  
ANADROMOUS: y WIDTH (m): 10-10 LENGTH (m): \_\_\_\_\_ GPS DATE: 09/15/93 DIGITIZE: y n  
WATERBODY: mainstem tributary lake/pond wetland intertidal other: \_\_\_\_\_

FISH					WILDLIFE		
SPECIES	STAGE (A J U)	COUNT	METHOD (E V D)	COMMENTS	SPECIES	COUNT	COMMENTS
<u>Pinks</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>✓</u>	<u>live</u>	<u>Waterfowl</u>		
<u>Pinks</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>✓</u>	<u>Fry at mouth</u>	<u>Moose Tracks</u>		<u>tracks</u>
<u>Coho</u>	<u>J</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>✓</u>				

GRADIENT(%): 1.5 CHANNEL PROFILE: V □ □ ○ N ---  
A B C D E F

CHANNEL PATTERN: single multi braided

STREAM SUBSTRATE: (rank three most predominant types) BEDROCK \_\_\_\_\_ BOULDER 3 RUBBLE \_\_\_\_\_ COBBLE 1  
GRAVEL 2 SAND \_\_\_\_\_ MUD/SILT \_\_\_\_\_ ORGANICS \_\_\_\_\_ OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

STREAM COVER TYPE: ORGANIC DEBRIS \_\_\_\_\_ DEAD BRANCHES/TWIGS \_\_\_\_\_ LOGS ✓ BOULDERS ✓  
CUT BANK \_\_\_\_\_ OVERHANGING VEGET. ✓ OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

STREAM COVER ABUNDANCE: none low medium high

RIPARIAN VEGETATION (three most abundant plants in order of dominance) within 20m of the banks:

OVERSTORY: Spruce Cottonwood  
UNDERSTORY: Alder Devil's club Salmonberry

CANOPY ABOVE STREAM: none low medium high

GROWTH: mature secondary shrubs meadow muskeg intertidal

TOTAL BARRIER? y n BARRIER TO SPECIES: \_\_\_\_\_ adults juveniles

TYPE: fall slide beaverdam logjam spring substrate HEIGHT (m): \_\_\_\_\_ DIST. FROM UPPER EXTENT (m): \_\_\_\_\_

PHOTO ROLL(s): <u>41mm-01</u>		VIDEO TAPE(s): _____	
FRAME	DESCRIPTION	DATE	DESCRIPTION
<u>29</u>	<u>looking up stream</u>		

Substrate: Bedrock (solid) Boulder >1' Rubble 6-12" Cobble 2-6" Gravel .1-2" Sand <.1"  
(Please enter comments on the other side)

Good water flow in stream. Open  
stream w/ cottonwood: sparse.  
Last fish observed 50m downstream  
from sea break.  
Coho fry at mouth of stream +25.



16-02  
STREAM HABITAT ASSESSMENT / 1993 - SEGMENTS

STREAM: Rocky River -16 SEGMENT: 8-02 DATE: 9/15/93 TEAM: WG/KS  
 ANADROMOUS: Y n WIDTH (m): 10-10 LENGTH (m): \_\_\_\_\_ GPS DATE: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_ DIGITIZE: y n  
 WATERBODY: mainstem tributary lake/pond wetland intertidal other: \_\_\_\_\_

FISH				WILDLIFE		
SPECIES	STAGE (A J U)	COUNT	METHOD (E V D)	COMMENTS	SPECIES	COUNT
Pink	A	1	✓		Dipper	1

GRADIENT(%): 2 CHANNEL PROFILE: Y A B C D E F

CHANNEL PATTERN: single multi braided

STREAM SUBSTRATE: (rank three most predominant types) BEDROCK \_\_\_\_\_ BOULDER 1 RUBBLE \_\_\_\_\_ COBBLE 2  
 GRAVEL 3 SAND \_\_\_\_\_ MUD/SILT \_\_\_\_\_ ORGANICS \_\_\_\_\_ OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

STREAM COVER TYPE: ORGANIC DEBRIS \_\_\_\_\_ DEAD BRANCHES/TWIGS \_\_\_\_\_ LOGS \_\_\_\_\_ BOULDERS ✓  
 CUT BANK \_\_\_\_\_ OVERHANGING VEGET. ✓ OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

STREAM COVER ABUNDANCE: none low medium high

RIPARIAN VEGETATION (three most abundant plants in order of dominance) within 20m of the banks:

OVERSTORY: SPRUCE  
 UNDERSTORY: ALDER SALICORHIZA DEWIL'S CLAW

CANOPY ABOVE STREAM: none low medium high

GROWTH: mature secondary shrubs meadow muskeg intertidal

TOTAL BARRIER? Y n BARRIER TO SPECIES: \_\_\_\_\_ adults juveniles

TYPE: fall slide beaverdam logjam spring substrate HEIGHT (m): \_\_\_\_\_ DIST. FROM UPPER EXTENT (m): \_\_\_\_\_

PHOTO ROLL(s): SPRINGER-01

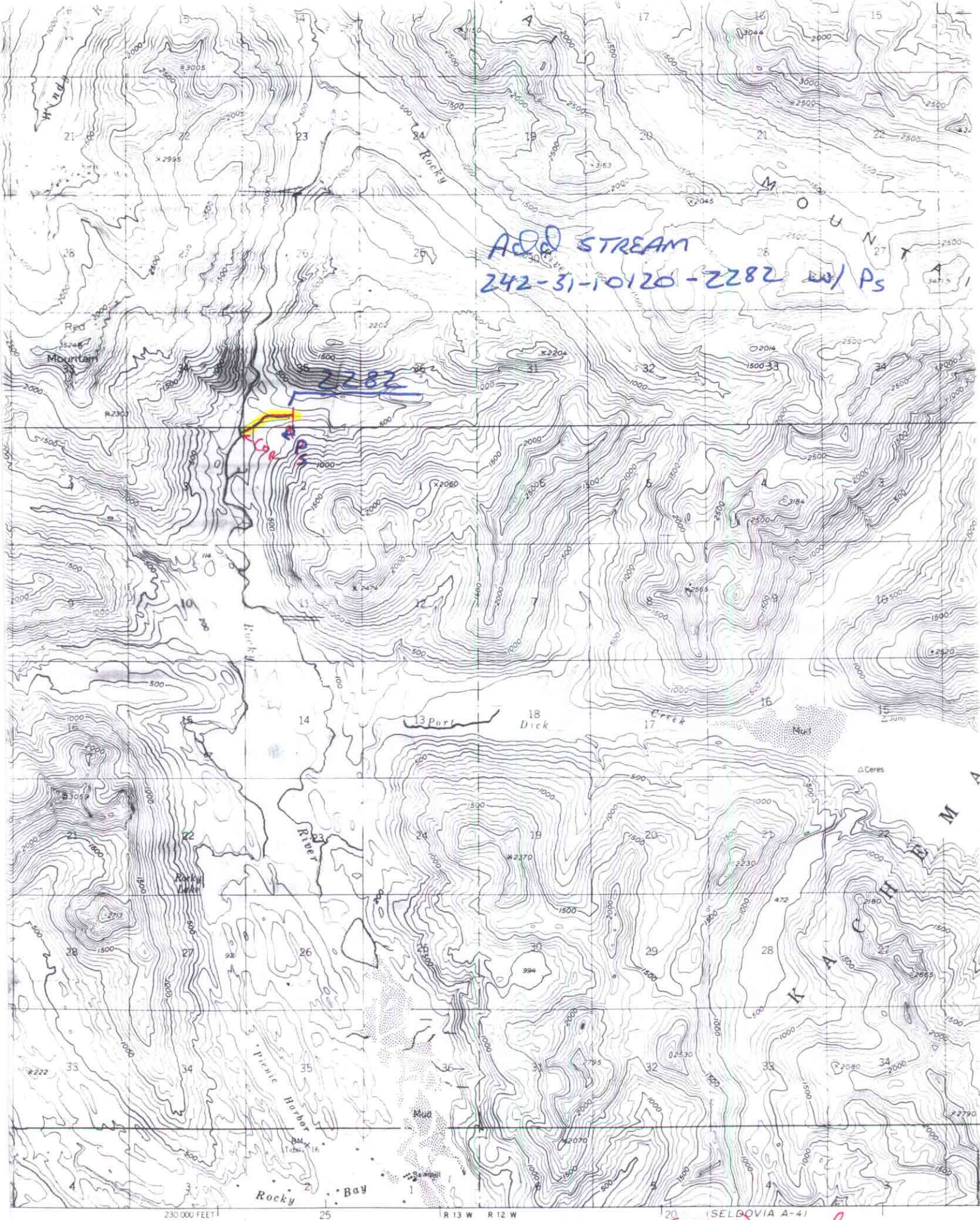
VIDEO TAPE(s): \_\_\_\_\_

FRAME	DESCRIPTION	DATE	DESCRIPTION
<u>30</u>	<u>END of Segment</u>		

Substrate: Bedrock (solid) Boulder >1' Rubble 6-12" Cobble 2-5" Gravel .1-2" Sand <.1"  
 (Please enter comments on the other side)

Good water flow in stream. Stream  
Continues another + mile. gradient increases  
slightly. Canyon walls goes into a "V" to  
"✓" shaped canyon.  
Only one live pink was observed  
up stream, no blockage was observed.





d. edited, and published by the Geological Survey  
by USC&GS and USCE  
aphy by photogrammetric methods from aerial photographs

242-31-10120 16-01, 16-02 (Tcib 16).

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# MEMORANDUM

## State of Alaska

DEPARTMENT OF FISH & GAME

TO: Ed Weiss  
Habitat Biologist  
Region II  
Habitat and Restoration Division  
Department of Fish and Game

DATE: November 3, 1993

FILE NO.:

TELEPHONE NO.: 267-2295

SUBJECT: Anadromous Stream  
Nominations  
and Corrections  
Project R-51

FROM: Kathrin Sundet  
Habitat Biologist  
Region II  
Habitat and Restoration Division  
Department of Fish and Game

Attached are anadromous stream nominations and corrections to be included in the Anadromous Waters Catalog for 74 streams surveyed in the fall of 1993 on private lands held by the Port Graham, English Bay and Seldovia Native Corporations on the outer Kenai Peninsula.

Streams were surveyed by the Alaska Department of Fish and Game, Habitat and Restoration Division personnel, Kathrin Sundet, Jeff Barnhart, Dan Grey, and Wes Ghormley as part of Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Restoration project R-51 aka SHA (Stream Habitat Assessment).

Streams were surveyed on foot from the intertidal zone to the upper extent of anadromous fish distribution. Adult salmon and Dolly Varden were visually identified and enumerated. Juvenile salmon were visually identified in the stream, and then captured by electroshocking, dipnet, or minnow trap to confirm identification. Sampling was conducted periodically along the stream to determine the presence of juvenile salmon. No attempt was made to determine the rearing population sizes of juvenile salmon, or to determine the total escapement of adult salmon in a stream.

Stream data are on file at the Alaska Department of Fish and Game, Habitat and Restoration office, 333 Raspberry Road, Anchorage, Alaska.

cc: Lance Trasky  
Don McKay  
Mark Kuwada

ALASKA DEPT. OF  
FISH & GAME

NOV 03 1993

REGION II  
HABITAT AND RESTORATION  
DIVISION